Managing Sustainability Programs in Business Schools

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Managing Sustainability in Business Schools

- **Change Management**
- Motivation
- Program Design
- Program Transformation







Motivation





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Program Design / Transformation – Reverse Engineering







The Purpose of the Corporation

Milton Freidman

1976 Nobel Laureate

"In a free-enterprise, private-property system, a corporate executive is an employee of the owners of the business. He has direct responsibility to his employers. That responsibility is to conduct the business in accordance with their desires, which generally will be to make as much money as possible while conforming to their basic rules of the society, both those embodied in law and those embodied in ethical custom."¹







The Purpose of the Corporation

- The flaw in this argument is the assumption that governments will effectively recognize and implement rules of society which capture all the impacts of corporate activity
- Policies, laws and taxes would be needed to internalize externalities, such as the cost of pollution, the impacts of carbon emissions or the social impacts of corporate activity
- Even if individual governments had the will and the ability, they are constrained by country boundaries, when many externalities easily travel across borders, for example, a product may be produced in one country but disposal at end of life occurs in another



The Purpose of the Corporation - Redefined

 In 2019, the <u>Businesses Roundtable</u> announced a new <u>Statement of Purpose</u> of the corporation:



Stakeholder Perspectives











ESG

Environmental



Social



Governance



Climate change	Health and safety	Board structure, diversity and independence
Water	Labour standards (including in the supply chain)	Remuneration that is aligned with performance
Waste and pollution	Human rights and community impacts	Accounting and audit quality
Biodiversity	Demographics/consumption	Anti-bribery and corruption





Risks of Ignoring Stakeholders



Larry Fink, Letter to CEOs 2022

Most stakeholders – from shareholders, to employees, to customers, to communities, and regulators – now expect companies to play a role in decarbonizing the global economy. Few things will impact capital allocation decisions more than how effectively you navigate the global energy transition in the years ahead.

Every company and every industry will be transformed by the transition to a net zero world. The question is, will you lead, or will you be led?





Stakeholders: Drivers of Change

Sources of increasing pressure for reporting and transparency around ESG issues







Responding to Disruption : Sustainability







Responding to Disruption : Sustainability







Fundamental Transformation

- Companies around the world are undergoing a fundamental transformation
- Gone are the days where corporate success was defined solely by profit/loss and cash flow statements
- Success is being redefined more holistically, where the social contributions of the firm and its interactions with its natural environment are as fundamental to success as fiscal outcomes





Responding to Disruption : Sustainability









"ACCOUNTANTS WILL SAVE THE WORLD"





https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/accountants-save-world-sustainability-ghg-reporting-carl-perrone/



"Accountants will Save the World"

Peter Bakker

President and CEO, World Business Council For Sustainable Development

Real change will come from reconfiguring millions of decisions made by managers in business, NGOs and the public sector on a daily basis







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Necessary components







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The Role of CPAs and Management Professionals

- CPAs need to fill two critical roles for the SDGs to be met:
 - 1. Timely, comparable, verifiable, understandable and material reporting and assurance
 - 2. Integrated Strategic Management
- The fundamental decision-making framework of the firm needs to be recast to consider financial, social and natural systems simultaneously in an integrated approach
- How performance / success is defined and measured must accordingly be recast to reflect these joint strategic imperatives





Program Design



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Foundational Principles

- 1. Sustainability impacts all disciplines of business and its subdisciplines, it can't be taught in isolation and is not a discipline unto itself
- 2. E, S and G do not exist in isolation, they interact and impact each other often requiring trade-offs, they can't be taught in isolation
- 3. Accountants and Management Professionals are not going to become discipline experts in all fields related to ESG, they will be interacting with a broad set of professionals from other disciplines
- 4. Accountants and Management Professionals should be lead agents for change, guiding the transformation of the firm's strategic decision making







Bachelor of Sustainability and Financial Management (SFM)

- New grade 12 entry program, first graduating class in 2025
- Target intake 80 students
- Mix of courses from Accounting and Financial Management Program, the Environment and Business Program in the Faculty of Environment and new courses exclusive to SFM students
- Common first 2 years
- Student select from 3 possible specializations in the last 2 years
 - 1. Corporate Sustainability (CPA)
 - 2. Government Policy and Financial Markets (CFA)
 - 3. Indigenous Entrepreneurship





SFM – Years 1 and 2

1A	1 B	2A	2B
Fall	Winter	Fall	Spring
Foundations for Financial Reporting AFM 191	Foundations for Management Accounting AFM 182	Field Ecology ENVS 200	Intermediate Financial Accounting 1 AFM 291
Intro. to Sustainability and Financial Management SFM 101	Principles of Economics For Sustainability II ENBUS 104	Fin Serv AFM 205 Intro Assurance AFM 208	Business Law AFM 231
Principles of Economics For Sustainability I ENBUS 103	Intro to Global Financial Markets AFM 121	Climate Change Fundamentals GEOG 207	Social Issues in Sustainability SFM 201
Professional Pathways and Problem Solving AFM 111	Sustainability ENVS 195	Financial Instruments and Capital Markets AFM 273	Intro to Corporate Finance AFM 274
Analytic Methods for Business 1 AFM 112	Analytic Methods for Business 2 AFM 113	<mark>Systems Thinking</mark> SFM 205	Analytic Methods for Business 3 AFM 244





SFM – Years 3 and 4 – Corporate Sustainability Specialization

3 A	3B	4 A	4B	
Fall or Winter	Spring	Spring	Fall	
Personal Financial Planning AFM 321	Environment and Business Ethics SFM 309	Natural Capital Accounting SFM 402	Taxation 2 AFM 462	
Cases in Corp Fin. AFM 373	Intermediate Financial Accounting 2 AFM 391	Audit Strategy AFM 451	Performance Measurement AFM 482	
Accounting Information Systems AFM 341	Taxation 1 AFM 362	Social and Human Capital Accounting SFM 401	Integrated Environmental Planning, Reporting, and Risk Management SFM 403	
Cost Management Systems AFM 382	Elective	Elective	Adv. Financial Accounting AFM 491	
Business Analytics Applications AFM 344	Enterprise Carbon Accounting SFM 301	Business Strategy AFM 433 Or Strategies for Environment ENBUS 302	Elective	

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Program Transformation



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Transformation in the Accounting and Financial Management Program

- Significant of time spent socializing and motivating the need for change
- Waited until critical mass was on board
- Introduced required Sustainability and Business course in 2A term
- Formed a Sustainability Integration Taskforce with across discipline representation, fundamental part of governance structure and strategic plan
- Taskforce focuses on integration of sustainability across the program based on a jointly develop competency map
- Key ingredients are broad buy in, top-down support, openness to team teaching where needed and recognition that no one "owns" a course





Questions and Discussion



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